GENDER ROLES AND RELIGION

Historical perspectives

- Ancient Near Eastern and Greco-Roman religions:
 - Priests and priestesses
 - Gods and goddesses
- Biblical Israel
 - Presence of goddesses recognized (but not accepted) texts mention Asherah (e.g. Deut. 16.21) and Queen of Heaven (see Jeremiah 7.18; 44.15-18)
 - No explicit mention of women priests in Hebrew Bible, but women could be prophets or sages.
 - Archaeological evidence of household religious cult female involvement?



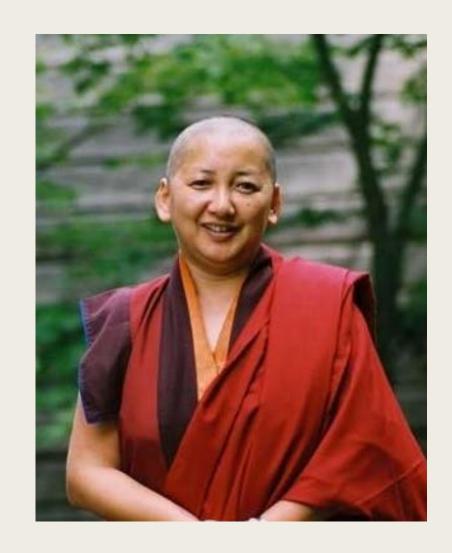
Religions today

Hinduism

- Long tradition of female gurus, priests, and sadhu (ascetic, holy person, monk)
- Goddesses in Hindu pantheon, e.g. Shakti,
 Durga, Lakshmi

Buddhism

- Ancient tradition of ordained nuns
 (bhikkhunis), although this has died out (or
 has been forbidden) in some Theravada
 Buddhist countries (e.g. Burma, Thailand).
- Continues to be permitted in Mahayama Buddhism (e.g. in Japan, Taiwan, China).



Religions today

- Sikhism: women can participate in any religious function, perform any Sikh ceremony or lead the congregation in prayer.
- Taoism: ordain both men and women as priests.
- Shinto: both men and women can be ordained as priests.
- Islam: in some Western countries, women can serve as imams (spiritual leader, authority, teacher, leads a congregation in salat, or prayer). Elsewhere, women are forbidden from serving as imams.
- Judaism: Orthodox Judaism forbids female rabbis or cantors. Reform and Conservative Judaism permits them.



Amina Wadud

New Religious Movements

Varied relationship with cultural gender norms:

- Some, but not all, NRMs imitate traditional patriarchal hierarchies.
- Others deliberately subvert or ignore these hierarchies, offering women new opportunities in religious leadership/membership.
- Neo-Pagan and New Age religious movements are particularly explicit in affirming women's roles in religious life.



Christianity

- Long and complex history of women's ordination, and participation in religious life.
 - In NT, see Luke 8.1-3; John 20.17-18; Rom. 16.1-4
 - 19th Century first women's ordination
- Resistance to women's ordination continues in Roman Catholic Church and some Protestant Evangelical and fundamentalist traditions.
- Complementarianism: men and women are fundamentally different. Men lead, women do not.
 - Based on biblical texts and church traditions (e.g. 1 Tim. 2: 11-14; Eph. 5.22-33).



Katharine Jefferts Schori, first presiding bishop of the episcopal church and first female primate of the Anglican church (2006)

Roman Catholic Church

Pope John Paul II, Mulieris Dignitatum (1988):

- Women deserving of equal human dignity but need to maintain distinct gender roles.
- Women had two vocational options:
 - Wives and mothers
 - Celibate members of religious orders.
- Ordinatio Sacerdotalis (1994) reaffirmed this view on women's ordination.
- Catholic women continue to serve in non-ordained ministries within the church, as theologians, liturgists, and social activists.
- Other women choose a different path...
- http://romancatholicwomenpriests.org/faq.htm



Pink Smoke Over the Vatican



Documentary directed by Jules Hart (2011) about women ordained as priests in the Roman Catholic Church, despite their 'invalid' status.

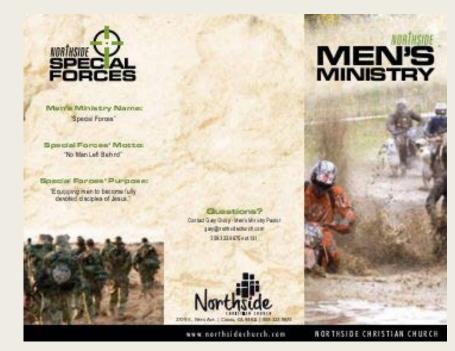
Questions

- What *religious* justifications are offered by the Roman Catholic Church offer for women's exclusion from leadership and ordination?
- What *cultural* functions do these justifications serve? That is, what cultural impacts do women's exclusion from ordination have?
- What religious arguments are offered by the people in this video in favour of ordination?

What cultural justifications for women's ordination are offered by some of the speakers?

Men's ministries

- Arose in 1970s from anxieties about 'feminizing' of the Church and drop in male membership.
- Appealing to a particular type of 'godly masculinity' often based on cultural stereotypes of masculinity (particularly sport and militarism), with some revisions around masculine sexuality.
 - Brotherhood (homosocial relationships)
 - Sexual purity (anti-pornography and casual sex)
 - Family and marriage
- Some acknowledgement of complementarian views of gender roles.
- tap into traditional heteronormative and cisnormative gender discourses.



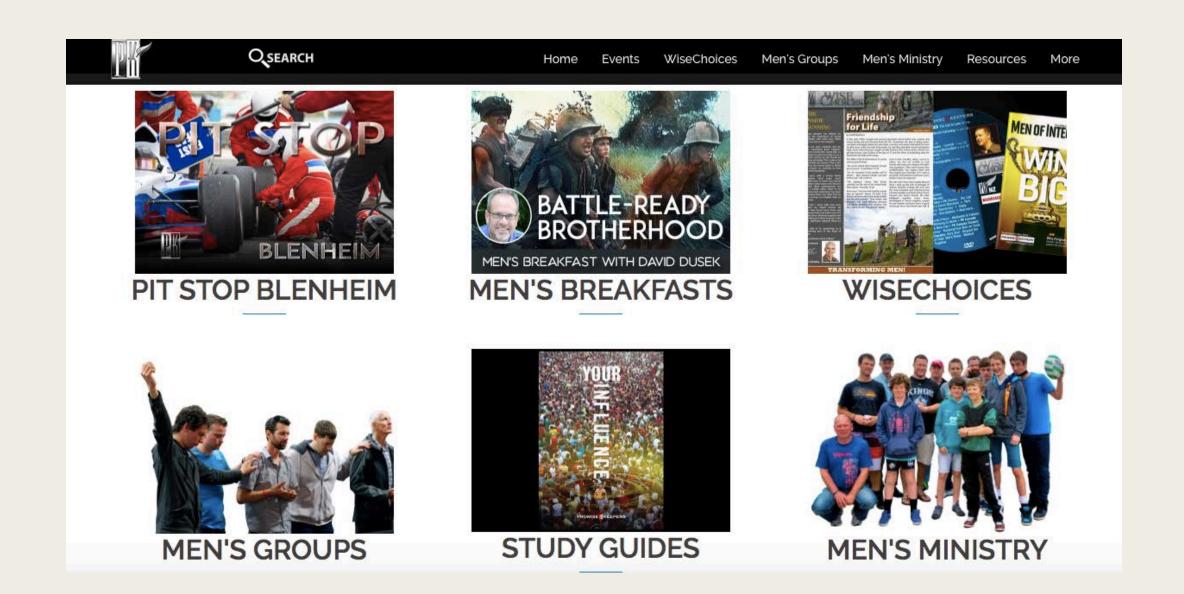








Promise Keepers NZ



Seventh Day Adventist conference



Some resources to check out (including links to videos we have watched)

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cVJYQCN_BB4
- http://www.everymanministries.com/video-sermons/play/what-does-it-look-like-to-encourage-my-wife
- http://mensministrycatalyst.org
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mzBXf7BaBAs
- http://mysouthwestregion.org/event/mens-ministries-summit-weekend/
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gKCOVkJVhNQ
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q-BTF2yYBRw









Proverbs 27:17

















WOMEN'S MINISTRY PLANNING WITH JULIA BETTENCOURT

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Here at CLM you will find ideas and planning information to help develop your local church Women's Ministry into an effective outreach. The aim is to teach, motivate, and encourage. I trust you'll go away with a few new ideas, having been encouraged...Julia



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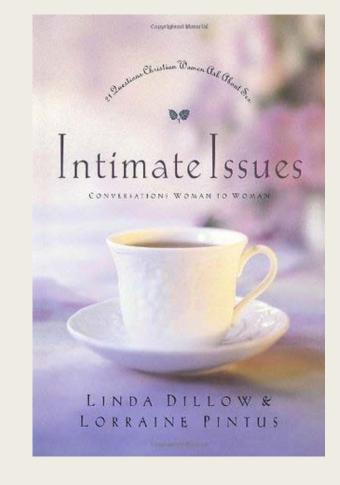
SHUT

WHAT TO SAY HOW TO SAY IT.

AND WHEN TO SAY NOTHING AT ALL

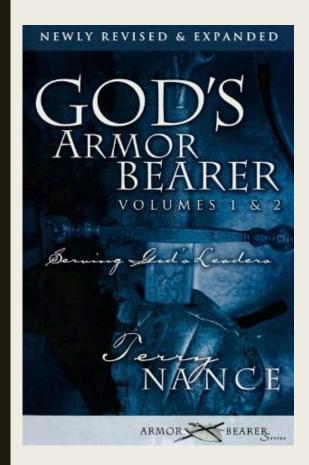
KAREN EHMAN

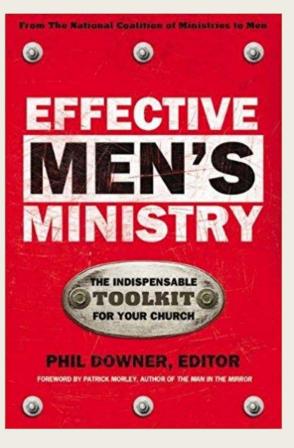
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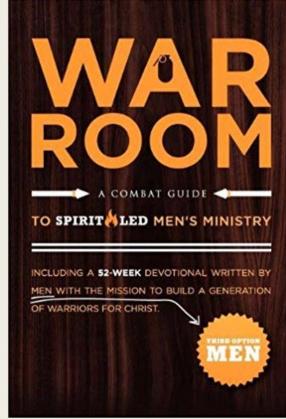


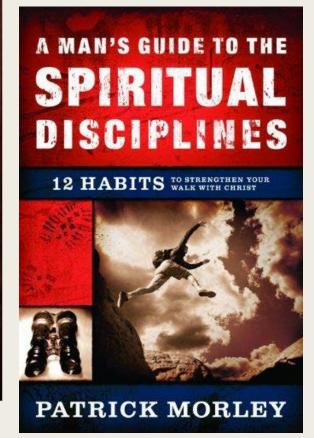


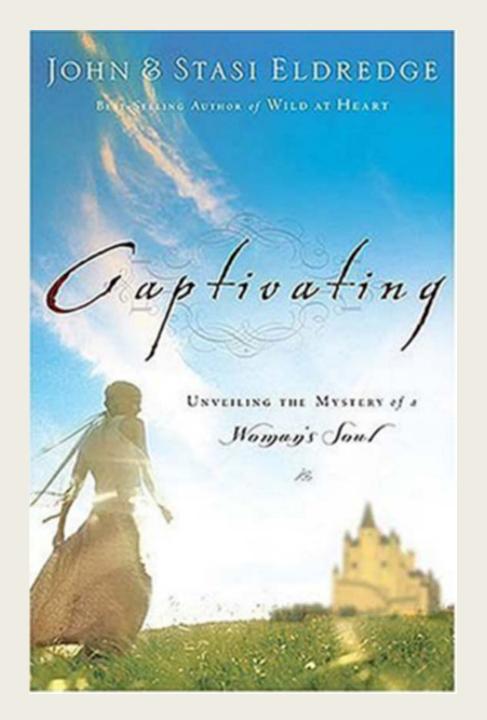


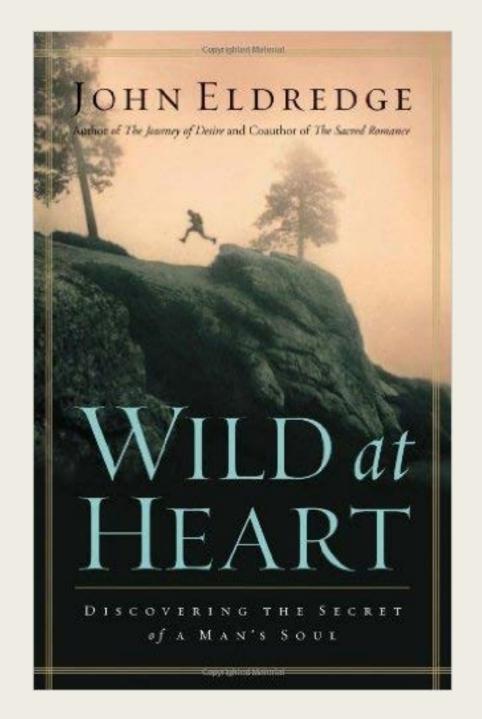














Seventh Day Adventist conferences for men's and women's ministries



Even breakfast ministries are gendered

