DEFINING GENDER AND SEXUALITY

Defining gender and sexuality

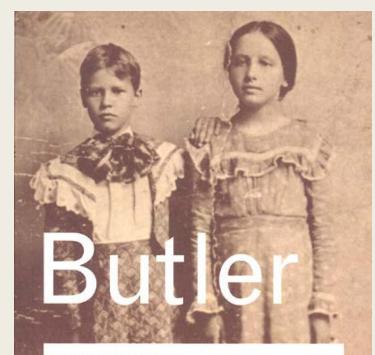
Gender is...

Sexuality is...

Queering gender and sexuality

What is queer theory?

- The term queer theory is credited to Teresa de Lauretis, "Queer Theory: Lesbian and Gay Sexualities," special issue of Differences: A Journal of Feminist Cultural Studies 3 (1991).
- Developed from feminist studies, gender studies and lesbian and gay studies of the 1970s and 1980s that began to question the notion of gender and sexuality as fixed entities.
- Seminal work published in 1990, Judith Butler's Gender Trouble.

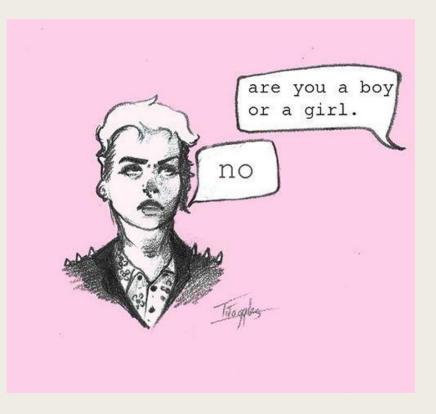


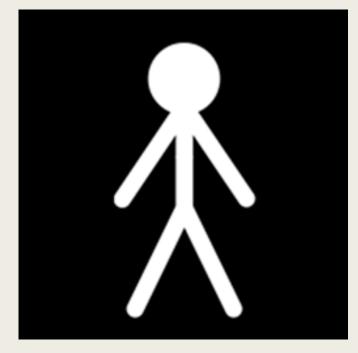
Gender Trouble



QUEER THEORY

- Insists that traditional binaries of gender and sexuality are not 'fixed' stable categories of identity, but always shifting and changing across time and space.
- Challenges heterosexuality as the standard by which all sexual identities are 'measured'.
- Also considers other social identity markers, e.g. race, class.
- Binaries/categories are not 'benign, but determine allocations of social power and authority – who has power and who is marginalized.





I am born with a fixed sex My sex determines my gender I have desire for the opposite Sex

I am born with a body

I am assigned a sex and gender

I am taught to perform an identity

I may have desires



Gender norms change over time and



Since I Gained 10 Pounds This New, Easy Way I Have All the Dates I Want

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Concentrated 7 times

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Fort that is not all? This super-rich yeart is ironined with 3 special kinds of iron which strengthen the blood, add energy.

Day after day, as you take Ironized Yeast tablets, watch flat chest develop, skinny Endes round out attractively. Skin clears to beauty, new beauth comes -- you're an estilivity new percosi.

Results guaranteed

No matter how skinor and weak you may be, or how long you have been that way. The marrenbur new ironiand Your theold brill you up in a few phort weaks as it has thermode hill you up in a few short weaks as it has thermode. If you are not eligibled with the results of the very first peakage, your money will be instantly refended.

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Gender is performative







Defining gender in the OED

- Feminine: 'having qualities or an appearance traditionally associated with women, especially delicacy and prettiness'. E.g. 'these flowers add a feminine touch to the table'.
- Masculine: 'having qualities or an appearance traditionally associated with men'. E.g. he is outstandingly handsome and robust, very masculine'.

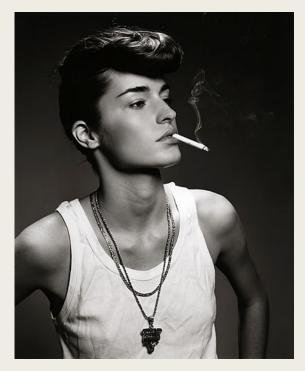
Defining gender (from Thesaurus.com)

Masculine is... Manly Muscular Brave Adult Honourable Powerful Strong Virile **Red-blooded**

Male is... Masculine, macho, potent, virile

Feminine is... Ladylike Soft Dainty Female Tender **Womanly** Modest Gentle Womanish Effeminate

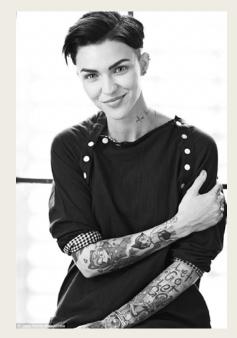
Female is... Feminine, fertile, maternal

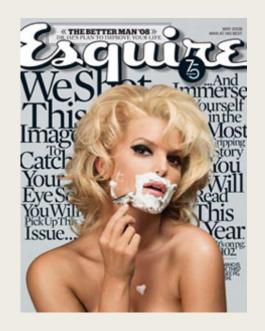
















Queer theory breaks the connection between sex, gender and



sexuality



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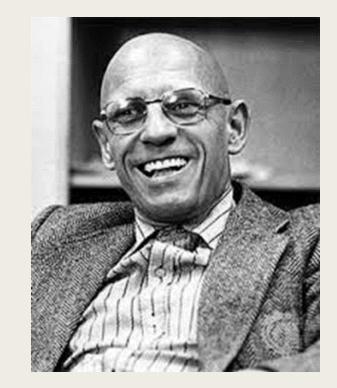
Coming out of the closet

Key thinkers in queer sexualities: Eve Sedgwick, *Epistemology of the Closet* (1990) and Michel Foucault, *The History of Sexuality* (1976)

We live according to a set of sexual 'scripts' – these are not fixed or natural, but socially-constructed.

Scripts and discourses change over time – Foucault refers to sexuality as a 'historical construct'.

Our sexuality is not dependent on our sex or gender identity.





Heteronormativity

- Coined by Michael Warner (1991)
- The 'normal' pattern of attraction is one man and one woman who embody conventional gender roles.
- Other forms of sexuality, gender and desire are treated as less 'normal' or natural.
- Straight privilege





Heteronormative social forces 'pull a cloak of virtue around themselves by manufacturing a deviant other into which a great many people can be dumped and dismissed' (Eve Sedgwick, *Epistemologies of the Closet*).













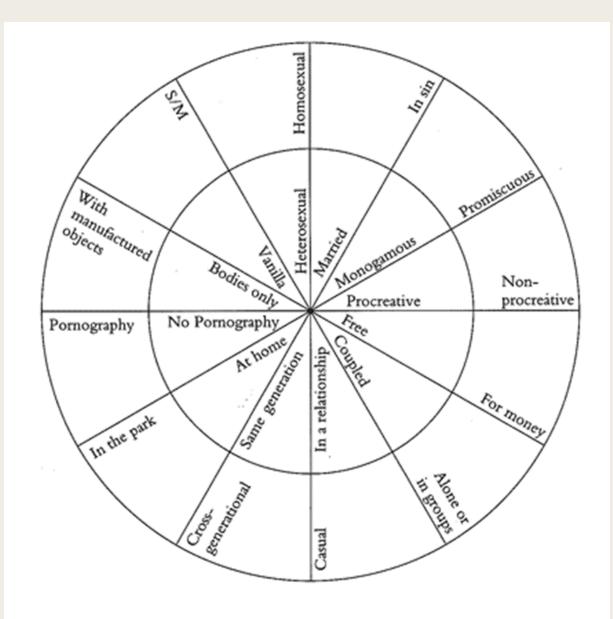


Cisnormativity

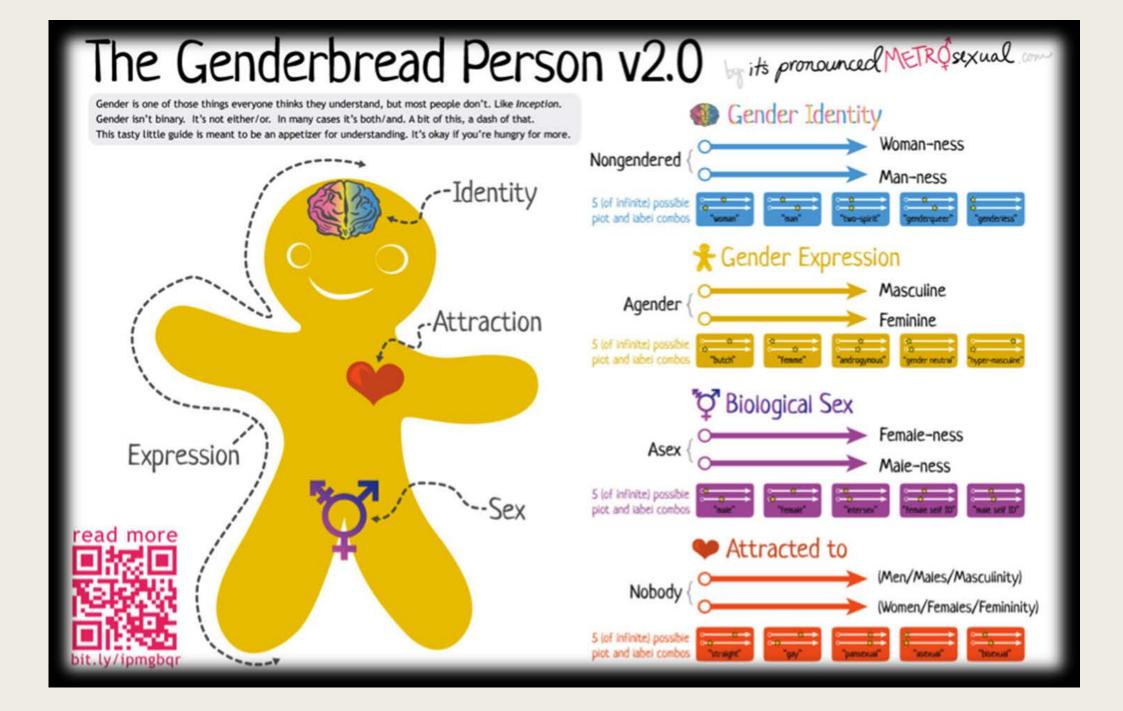
- The belief that people naturally or normally continue to identify with the gender they were assigned at birth.
- Marginalization of trans-identifying people as 'abnormal' or a threat.
- "When trans people can't access public bathrooms we can't go to school effectively, go to work effectively, access health-care facilities — it's about us existing in public space...It's really about us not existing — about erasing trans people." Laverne Cox, 2017.



Other normativities



Gayle Rubin's 'charmed circle' of sexual preferences and desires (from *Thinking Sex*, 1984)





Queer theory vs. identity politics



Intersectionality

- Kimberlé Crenshaw: focussing on either race or sex does not fully capture the experiences of marginalized women who are at caught at the intersection, simultaneously experiencing multiple forms of discrimination.
- Criticism of second wave feminism white, middle-class, heterosexual

'Dominant conceptions of discrimination condition us to think about subordination as disadvantage occurring along a single categorical axis...[This] marginalizes those who are multiply-burdened and obscures claims that cannot be understood as resulting from discrete sources of discrimination' (Crenshaw, 'Demarginalizing', 140) Other categories of identity : gender, ethnicity, religion, class/socio-economic status, sexuality, age, disability, nationality, etc...



What makes me who I am?

